

Monochromatic Infrared Energy Therapy (Infrared Therapy)

Date of Origin: 09/06

Last Review Date: 05/24/2023

Effective Date: 06/01/2023

Dates Reviewed: 09/07, 09/08, 07/10, 02/11, 01/12, 09/12, 07/13, 06/14, 05/15, 05/16, 05/17, 05/2018, 07/2019, 07/2020, 06/2021, 05/2022, 05/2023

Developed By: Medical Necessity Criteria Committee

I. Description

Monochromatic infrared energy (MIRE) is the process of delivering photo energy to the layers of the skin via light emitting diodes placed externally on the skin. MIRE therapy involves the use of devices that deliver single wavelength nonvisible light energy from the red end of the light spectrum via flexible pads that are applied to the skin. The presence of this energy leads to stimulation of microcirculation in the tissues that increases blood flow and the release of free radical nitric oxide, which helps to form cell receptors for growth factors and angiogenesis, and augments collagen formation.

MIRE device received FDA approval in 1994 with a labeled indication to increase circulation and reduce pain." MIRE devices have been proposed for use in the treatment of conditions such as peripheral neuropathy, pain management, wound healing and musculoskeletal and soft tissue injuries. The proposed mechanism of action is based on the premise that MIRE therapies may cause an increase in nitric oxide concentration that may lead to increased blood flow and promote vasodilation. MIRE therapy may also be referred to as light emitting diode (LED) therapy, infrared light therapy or infrared heating pad system. Examples of MIRE devices are Anodyne[®] Therapy System, Pain-X 2000, BioScan, and Light Force Therapy. Treatment with a MIRE device is administered several times a week over a period of weeks to months. Treatment may be performed in the home or office setting.

II. Criteria: CWQI HCS-0005

- A. Moda Health considers <u>infrared coagulation</u> medically necessary for members with grade 1 or grade 2 internal hemorrhoids that are painful or persistently bleeding (CPT Code 46930)
 - Infrared coagulation usually requires 2 sessions to eradicate the hemorrhoids.
 - Internal hemorrhoids are classified by the following grades:
 - Grade I: Bleeding without prolapse
 - Grade II: Prolapse with spontaneous reduction
 - Grade III: Prolapse with manual reduction
 - Grade IV: Incarcerated, irreducible prolapse
- B. Moda Health considers Infrared therapy, Anodyne[®] Therapy System, or use of other MIRE devices investigational as a treatment technique for any other indications, including but not limited to:

- o acne
- back (thoracic and lumbar) pain
- o bell's palsy, cancer
- o cardiovascular diseases
- o central nervous system injuries
- o chronic kidney diseases
- chronic non-healing wounds (including pressure ulcers)
- o diabetes mellitus (including diabetic macular edema and diabetic peripheral neuropathy)
- o disorders of consciousness
- o ischemic stroke
- o lymphedema
- o migraines
- $\circ \quad \text{neck pain} \\$
- o non-diabetic peripheral neuropathy
- o onychomycosis
- o osteoarthritis
- o Parkinson's disease
- \circ retinal degeneration
- o seasonal affective disorder (for prevention)
- o spinocerebellar ataxia
- o stroke
- traumatic brain injury

III. Information Submitted with the Prior Authorization Request:

- 1. Chart notes from the treating physician documenting history of hemorrhoids
- 2. Record of treatment plan/goals

IV. CPT codes covered if criteria met

Codes	Description
46930	Destruction of internal hemorrhoid(s), by thermal energy (eg, infrared coagulation,
	cautery, radiofrequency)

V. CPT or HCPC codes NOT covered:

Codes	Description
97026	Application of a modality to one or more areas; infrared
A4639	Replacement pad for infrared heating pad system, each
E0221	Infrared heating pad system

VI. Annual Review History

Review Date	Revisions	Effective Date
07/2013	Annual Review: Added table with review date, revisions, and	07/2013
	effective date.	
06/2014	Annual Review: No change	06/2014
05/2015	Annual Review: No change	05/2015
05/2016	Annual Review: No change	05/2016
05/2017	Annual Review: Updated to new template, updated references	05/24/2017
05/2018	Annual Review: No change	05/23/2018
07/2019	Annual Review: Added coverage for code 46930 if criteria is met	08/01/2019
07/2020	Annual Review: No changes	08/01/2020
06/2021	Annual Review: No content changes	07/01/2021
05/2022	Annual Review: Moved infrared Coagulation requirements to section	06/01/2022
	A, updated title and policy description	
05/2023	Annual Review: No changes	06/01/2023

VII. References

- 1. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Decision Memo for Infrared Therapy Devices CAG-00291N
- 2. The use of monochromatic infrared energy in wound management. Advances in skin and wound care.

https://journals.lww.com/aswcjournal/Citation/2007/05000/The_Use_of_Monochromatic_Infrare d_Energy_in_Wound.10.aspx

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- 4. DeLellis S, Carnegie D, Burke T. Improved sensitivity in patients with peripheral neuropathy effects of monochromatic infrared photo energy. J Am Podiatr Med Assoc. 2005Mar/Apr; 95(2):143-147.
- 5. Harkless LB, DeLellis S, Carnegie DH, Burke TJ. Improved foot sensitivity and pain reduction in patients with peripheral neuropathy after treatment with monochromatic infrared photo energy— MIRE. J. Diabetes Complications. 2006 Mar-Apr; 20(2):81-7.
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- Hsieh RL, Lo MT, Lee WC, Liao WC., Therapeutic effects of short-term monochromatic infrared energy therapy on patients with knee osteoarthritis: a double-blind, randomized, placebocontrolled study. J Orthop Sports Phys Ther. 2012 Nov; 42(11):947-56. doi: 10.2519/jospt.2012.3881. Epub 2012 Sep 5.
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- 10. Prendergast JJ, Miranda G, Sanchez M. Improvement of sensory impairment in patients with peripheral neuropathy. Endocr Pract. 2004 Jan-Feb; 10(1):24-30.
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- 12. Volkert W, Hassan A, Hassan M, et al. Effectiveness of monochromatic infrared photo energy and physical therapy for peripheral neuropathy: changes in sensation, pain, and balance-a preliminary, multi-center study. Physical & Occupational Therapy in Geriatrics. 2006 Mar/Apr; 24(2):1-17.
- Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services; National Coverage Determination (NCD) for Infrared Therapy Devices; publication 270.6; Review date November 2006; Implementation Date 1/16/2007; Revised 02/2017; accessed 5/16/17
- 14. Physician Advisors
- 15. MacKay D. Hemorrhoids and varicose veins: A review of treatment options. Altern Med Rev. 2001; 6(2):126-140.
- 16. Linares Santiago E, Gomez Parra M, et al. Effectiveness of hemorrhoidal treatment by rubber band ligation and infrared photocoagulation. Rev Esp Enferm Dig. 2001; 93(4):238-247.
- 17. Accarpio G, Ballari F, Puglisi R, e al. Outpatient treatment of hemorrhoids with a combined technique: Results in 7850 cases. Tech Coloproctol. 2002; 6(3):195-196.
- 18. Gupta PJ. Infrared coagulation versus rubber band ligation in early stage hemorrhoids. Braz J Med Biol Res. 2003; 36(10):1433-1439.
- 19. Madoff RD, Fleshman JW; Clinical Practice Committee, American Gastroenterological Association. American Gastroenterological Association technical review on the diagnosis and treatment of hemorrhoids. Gastroenterology. 2004; 126(5):1463-1473.

Appendix 1 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. They can be found at: <u>http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/advanced-search.aspx</u>. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD):

Jurisdiction(s): 5, 8NCD/LCD Document (s):NCD Infrared Heating Devices 270.6 and Decision Memo for Infrared Therapy Devices (CAG-00281N)Noridian LCD Infrared Heating Pad Systems L33825

NCD/LCD Document (s):

Noridian Infrared Heating Pad Systems Policy Article A52477

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions				
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor		
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC		