

Corneal Collagen Cross-linking for Treatment of Keratoconus

Date of Origin: 06/2018

Last Review Date: 06/27/2018

Effective Date: 07/01/2018

Dates Reviewed: 06/2018

Developed By: Medical Necessity Criteria Committee

I. Description

Keratoconus is a progressive corneal disorder characterized by bilateral inferior steepening of the cornea. The alteration in matrix collagen production causes an irregular protrusion of the cornea. It is characterized by progressive thinning and cone-shaped protrusion of the cornea leading to visual impairment.

Treatment options include spectacle correction as long as visual acuity is functional. Rigid gas-permeable contact lenses can be used for extended periods of time that smooth out the irregularity of the cornea. These become intolerable to wear for the patient. Surgical interventions include the placement of intrastromal corneal ring segments or keratectomy. Keratoplasty is the most common surgical procedure with success rate of greater than ninety percent.

Corneal collagen cross-linking is recommended for the management of keratoconus. It is a procedure that uses riboflavin drops, ultraviolet light, and a photosensitizer to strengthen bonds in the cornea. In a prospective randomized controlled study of over 200 patients comparing collagen cross-linking to riboflavin drops alone, improvements in maximum keratometry value and directed and uncorrected distance visual acuity were improved in the treatment group at one year.

II. Criteria: CWQI HCS-0231

- A. Moda Health considers **corneal collagen cross-linking (CXL)** medically necessary with **ALL** of the following:
- The patient has a diagnosis of keratoconus or keratectasia.
 - The requested procedure is for epithelium-off photochemical collagen cross-linkage using riboflavin (*HCPC: J3490- Avedro's Photrexa*) and ultraviolet A.
 - The requested procedure is **NOT** for epithelium-on collagen cross-linkage. This is considered experimental and investigational for all indications.
 - The requested procedure is **ONLY** indicated for above diagnoses. All other indications are considered experimental and investigational.

III. Information Submitted with the Prior Authorization Request:

- Chart notes with documentation of diagnosis
- Description of procedure and type of collagen cross-link to be used.

IV. CPT or HCPC codes covered:

Codes	Description
0402T	Collagen cross-linking of cornea (including removal of the corneal epithelium and intraoperative pachymetry when performed)
J3490	Unclassified drug

V. Annual Review History

Review Date	Revisions	Effective Date
06/2018	New criteria	07/01/2018

VI. References

1. WebMD; Corneal Cross-Linking (CXL) Treatment for Keratoconus Explained; <https://www.webmd.com/eye-health/corneal-cross-linking-for-keratoconus>
2. Celia Vimont, Devin A Harrison MD; Corneal Collagen Cross-linking Approved to Treat Keratoconus in U.S.; © American Academy of Ophthalmology 2018; Aug.01, 2016; <https://www.aao.org/eye-health/news/cross-linking-approved-keratoconus-united-states>
3. American Optometric Association, 243 N. Lindbergh Blvd., St. Louis, MO 63141
4. ©2018 American Optometric Association; Keratoconus; Keratoconus; <https://www.aoa.org/patients-and-public/eye-and-vision-problems/glossary-of-eye-and-vision>
5. Sykakis E , Karim R, Evans JR, Bunce C, Amisssah-Arthur KN, Patwary S, McDonnell PJ, Hamada S.; Corneal collagen cross-linking for treating keratoconus. Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2015 Mar 24;(3):CD010621. doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD010621.pub2; <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25803325>
6. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System, (HCPCS), Public Meeting Agenda, Drugs, Biologicals and Radiopharmaceuticals, Wednesday, May 17, 2017 9:00 am – 5:00 pm, CMS Auditorium, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore (Woodlawn), Maryland 21244-1850
7. American Academy of Ophthalmology, Practice Management/Coding/Aske the Coding Experts/News; How to Bill for Corneal Cross-Linking, February 23, 2018 ; <https://www.aao.org/practice-management/news-detail/how-to-bill-corneal-cross-linking>
8. Liz Hillman EyeWorld , Current Issue Educational Events Ophthalmology news - OPHTHALMOLOGY BUSINESS - Crosslinking paperwork: Clearing up confusion August 2017; Source: <https://www.eyeworld.org/>

Appendix 1 – Applicable Diagnosis Codes:

Codes	Description
H18.60	Keratoconus, unspecified

H18.601	Keratoconus, unspecified, right eye
H18.602	Keratoconus, unspecified, left eye
H18.603	Keratoconus, unspecified, bilateral
H18.609	Keratoconus, unspecified, unspecified eye
H18.611	Keratoconus, stable, right eye
H18.612	Keratoconus, stable, left eye
H18.613	Keratoconus, stable, bilateral
H18.619	Keratoconus, stable, unspecified eye
H18.62	Keratoconus, unstable
H18.621	Keratoconus, unstable, right eye
H18.622	Keratoconus, unstable, left eye
H18.623	Keratoconus, unstable, bilateral
H18.629	Keratoconus, unstable, unspecified eye
H18.7	Other and unspecified corneal deformities
H18.70	Unspecified corneal deformity
H18.71	Corneal ectasia
H18.711	Corneal ectasia, right eye
H18.712	Corneal ectasia, left eye
H18.713	Corneal ectasia, bilateral
H18.719	Corneal ectasia, unspecified eye
H18.79	Other corneal deformities
H18.791	Other corneal deformities, right eye
H18.792	Other corneal deformities, left eye
H18.793	Other corneal deformities, bilateral
H18.719	Corneal ectasia, unspecified eye

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. They can be found at: <http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/advanced-search.aspx>. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD):

Jurisdiction(s): 5, 8	NCD/LCD Document (s):
NA	

NCD/LCD Document (s):
NA

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions

Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC