

Colony Stimulating Factors: Neupogen® (filgrastim) (Subcutaneous/Intravenous)

Document Number: MODA-0235

Last Review Date: 05/01/2018

Date of Origin: 10/17/2008

Dates Reviewed: 06/2009, 12/2009, 06/2010, 07/2010, 09/2010, 12/2010, 03/2011, 6/2011, 09/2011, 12/2011, 03/2012, 06/2012, 09/2012, 12/2012, 03/2013, 06/2013, 09/2013, 12/2013, 03/2014, 06/2014, 09/2014, 12/2014, 03/2015, 04/2015, 08/2015, 11/2015, 02/2016, 05/2016, 08/2016, 11/2016, 02/2017, 05/2017, 08/2017, 11/2017, 02/2018, 05/2018

I. Length of Authorization

Coverage will be provided for four months and may be renewed.

II. Dosing Limits

A. Quantity Limit (max daily dose) [Pharmacy Benefit]:

- Neupogen 300 mcg vial: 3 vials per 1 day
- Neupogen 300 mcg SingleJect: 3 syringes per 1 day
- Neupogen 480 mcg vial: 3 vials per 1 day
- Neupogen 480 mcg SingleJect: 3 syringes per 1 day

B. Max Units (per dose and over time) [Medical Benefit]:

Severe Chronic Neutropenia:

- 1380 billable units per day

BMT or PBPC or Radiation:

- 1200 billable units per day

All other indications:

- 600 billable units per day

III. Initial Approval Criteria

Zarxio is the preferred short-acting granulocyte colony-stimulating factor product.

- Patients must have failed, or have a contraindication, or intolerance to Zarxio prior to consideration of any other short-acting G-CSF product.

Coverage for Neupogen® (filgrastim) is provided in the following conditions:

Bone marrow transplant (BMT) †

Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cell (PBPC) mobilization and transplant †

Prophylactic use in patients with non-myeloid malignancy †

- Patient is undergoing myelosuppressive chemotherapy with an expected incidence of febrile neutropenia of 20% or greater **§; OR**
- Patient is undergoing myelosuppressive chemotherapy with an expected incidence of febrile neutropenia of 10% or greater **§ AND** one or more of the following co-morbidities:
 - Elderly patients (age 65 or older) receiving full dose intensity chemotherapy
 - History of recurrent febrile neutropenia from chemotherapy
 - Extensive prior exposure to chemotherapy
 - Previous exposure of pelvis, or other areas of large amounts of bone marrow, to radiation
 - Pre-existing neutropenia (ANC \leq 1000/mm³) or bone marrow involvement with tumor
 - Patient has a condition that can potentially increase the risk of serious infection (i.e. HIV/AIDS)
 - Infection/open wounds
 - Recent surgery
 - Poor performance status
 - Poor renal function (creatinine clearance $<$ 50)
 - Liver dysfunction (elevated bilirubin $>$ 2.0)
 - Chronic immunosuppression in the post-transplant setting including organ transplant

Treatment of chemotherapy-induced febrile neutropenia ‡

- Used for the treatment of chemotherapy induced febrile neutropenia; **AND**
 - Patient has been on prophylactic therapy with filgrastim; **OR**
 - Patient has not received prophylactic therapy with a granulocyte colony stimulating factor; **AND**
 - Patient has one or more of the following risk factors for developing infection-related complications:
 - Sepsis Syndrome
 - Age $>$ 65
 - Absolute neutrophil count [ANC] $<$ 100/mcL
 - Duration of neutropenia expected to be greater than 10 days
 - Pneumonia or other clinically documented infections
 - Invasive fungal infection
 - Hospitalization at the time of fever
 - Prior episode of febrile neutropenia

Patient who experienced a neutropenic complication from a prior cycle of the same chemotherapy ‡

Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML) patient following induction or consolidation chemotherapy †

Bone Marrow Transplantation (BMT) failure or Engraftment Delay ‡

Severe chronic neutropenia †

- Patient must have an absolute neutrophil count (ANC) $<$ 500/mm³; **AND**
- Patient must have a diagnosis of one of the following:
 - Congenital neutropenia; **OR**
 - Cyclic neutropenia; **OR**

- Idiopathic neutropenia

Myelodysplastic Syndrome ‡

- Endogenous serum erythropoietin level of ≤ 500 mUnits/mL; **AND**
- Patient is receiving concurrent therapy with Erythropoiesis Stimulating Agents (ESAs)

Patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation (Hematopoietic Subsyndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome) †

† FDA-labeled indication(s); ‡ Compendia recommended indication(s)

§ Expected incidence of febrile neutropenia percentages for myelosuppressive chemotherapy regimens can be found in the NCCN Myeloid Growth Factors Clinical Practice Guideline at NCCN.org.

IV. Renewal Criteria

Same as initial prior authorization policy criteria.

V. Dosage/Administration

Indication	Dose
Neupogen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5mcg/kg daily for up to 14 days for non-BMT/PBPC indications • 10mcg/kg daily for up to 14 days for BMT/PBPC/Radiation indications • 6mcg/kg twice daily for Severe Congenital Neutropenia

VI. Billing Code/Availability Information

JCode:

- J1442 – injection, filgrastim (g-csf), excludes biosimilars, 1microgram (1 mcg=1 billable unit)

NDC:

- Neupogen 300 mcg vial: 55513-0530-xx
- Neupogen 300 mcg SingleJect: 55513-0924-xx
- Neupogen 480 mcg vial: 55513-0546-xx
- Neupogen 480 mcg SingleJect: 55513-0209-xx

VII. References

1. Neupogen [package insert]. Thousand Oaks, CA; Amgen Inc; June 2016. Accessed March 2018.
2. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium (NCCN Compendium®) filgrastim. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2018. The NCCN Compendium® is a derivative work of the NCCN Guidelines®. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc.” To view the most recent and complete version of the Compendium, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed March 2018.

3. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Drugs & Biologics Compendium (NCCN Compendium®) Myeloid Growth Factors. Version 1.2018. National Comprehensive Cancer Network, 2017. The NCCN Compendium® is a derivative work of the NCCN Guidelines®. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, and NCCN GUIDELINES® are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc.” To view the most recent and complete version of the Compendium, go online to NCCN.org. Accessed March 2018.
4. Smith TJ, Bohlke K, Lyman GH, Carson KR, Crawford J, Cross SJ, Goldberg JM, Khatcheressian JL, Leighl NB, Perkins CL, Somlo G, Wade JL, Wozniak AJ, Armitage JO. Recommendations for the use of WBC growth factors: American Society of Clinical Oncology Clinical Practice Guideline Update. J Clin Oncol. 2015 Jul 13. pii: JCO.2015.62.3488. [Epub ahead of print]
5. Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corporation. Local Coverage Determination (LCD): Human Granulocyte/Macrophage Colony Stimulating Factors (L34699). Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Inc. Updated on 1/23/2018 with effective date 02/1/2018. Accessed March 2018.
6. First Coast Service Options, Inc. Local Coverage Determination (LCD): G-CSF (Neupogen®, Granix™, Zarxio™) (L34002). Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Inc. Updated on 6/10/2016 with effective date 7/5/2016. Accessed March 2018.
7. National Government Services, Inc. Local Coverage Article: Filgrastim, Pegfilgrastim, Tbofilgrastim, Filgrastim-sndz (e.g., Neupogen®, Neulasta™, Granix™, Zarxio™) - Related to LCD L33394 (A52408). Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Inc. Updated on 9/23/2016 with effective date 10/1/2016. Accessed March 2018.
8. Palmetto GBA. Local Coverage Determination: White Cell Colony Stimulating Factors (L37176). Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Inc. Updated on 12/7/2017 with effective date 2/26/2018. Accessed March 2018.

Appendix 1 – Covered Diagnosis Codes

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
C92.00	Myeloid leukemia not having achieved remission
C92.02	Myeloid leukemia in relapse
C92.50	Acute myelomonocytic leukemia not having achieved remission
C92.52	Acute myelomonocytic leukemia in relapse
C92.60	Acute myeloid leukemia with 11q23-abnormality not having achieved remission
C92.62	Acute myeloid leukemia with 11q23-abnormality in relapse
C92.A0	Acute myeloid leukemia with multilineage dysplasia not having achieved remission
C92.A2	Acute myeloid leukemia with multilineage dysplasia in relapse
C93.00	Acute monoblastic/monocytic leukemia not having achieved remission
C93.02	Acute monoblastic/monocytic leukemia in relapse
C93.10	Chronic myelomonocytic leukemia, not having achieved remission
C94.00	Acute erythroid leukemia not having achieved remission

ICD-10	ICD-10 Description
C94.02	Acute erythroid leukemia in relapse
C94.20	Acute megakaryoblastic leukemia not having achieved remission
C94.22	Acute megakaryoblastic leukemia in relapse
D46.0	Refractory anemia without ring sideroblasts, so stated
D46.1	Refractory anemia with ring sideroblasts
D46.20	Refractory anemia with excess of blasts, unspecified
D46.21	Refractory anemia with excess of blasts 1
D46.4	Refractory anemia, unspecified
D46.9	Myelodysplastic syndrome, unspecified
D46.A	Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia
D46.B	Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia and ring sideroblasts
D46.Z	Other myelodysplastic syndrome
D70.0	Congenital agranulocytosis
D70.1	Agranulocytosis secondary to cancer chemotherapy
D70.2	Other drug-induced agranulocytosis
D70.4	Cyclic neutropenia
D70.9	Neutropenia, unspecified
T45.1X5A	Adverse effect of antineoplastic and immunosuppressive drugs initial encounter
T45.1X5D	Adverse effect of antineoplastic and immunosuppressive drugs subsequent encounter
T45.1X5S	Adverse effect of antineoplastic and immunosuppressive drugs sequela
T66.XXXA	Radiation sickness, unspecified, initial encounter
Z41.8	Encounter for other procedures for purposes other than remedying health state
Z48.290	Encounter for aftercare following bone marrow transplant
Z51.11	Encounter for antineoplastic chemotherapy
Z51.12	Encounter for antineoplastic immunotherapy
Z51.89	Encounter for other specified aftercare
Z52.001	Unspecified donor, stem cells
Z52.011	Autologous donor, stem cells
Z52.091	Other blood donor, stem cells
Z94.81	Bone marrow transplant status
Z94.84	Stem cells transplant status

Appendix 2 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required

where applicable. They can be found at: <http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/advanced-search.aspx>. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD):

Jurisdiction(s): 5,8	NCD/LCD Document (s): L34699
https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/lcd-date-search.aspx?DocID=L34699&bc=gAAAAAAAAAAAA	

Jurisdiction(s): N	NCD/LCD Document (s): L34002
https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/document-id-search-results.aspx?DocID=L34002&bc=gAAAAAAAAAAAA&	

Jurisdiction(s): 6, K	NCD/LCD Document (s): A52408
https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/document-id-search-results.aspx?DocID=A52408&bc=gAAAAAAAAAAAA&	

Jurisdiction(s): J, M	NCD/LCD Document (s): L37176
https://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/lcd-date-search.aspx?DocID=L37176&bc=gAAAAAAAAAAAA	

Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions		
Jurisdiction	Applicable State/US Territory	Contractor
E (1)	CA, HI, NV, AS, GU, CNMI	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
F (2 & 3)	AK, WA, OR, ID, ND, SD, MT, WY, UT, AZ	Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC
5	KS, NE, IA, MO	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
6	MN, WI, IL	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
H (4 & 7)	LA, AR, MS, TX, OK, CO, NM	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
8	MI, IN	Wisconsin Physicians Service Insurance Corp (WPS)
N (9)	FL, PR, VI	First Coast Service Options, Inc.
J (10)	TN, GA, AL	Palmetto GBA, LLC
M (11)	NC, SC, WV, VA (excluding below)	Palmetto GBA, LLC
L (12)	DE, MD, PA, NJ, DC (includes Arlington & Fairfax counties and the city of Alexandria in VA)	Novitas Solutions, Inc.
K (13 & 14)	NY, CT, MA, RI, VT, ME, NH	National Government Services, Inc. (NGS)
15	KY, OH	CGS Administrators, LLC