Obstruction Sleep Apnea Non-surgical Treatment

Date of Origin: 07/2002                  Last Review Date: 08/23/2017                  Effective Date: 08/23/2017


Developed By: Medical Necessity Criteria Committee

I. Description
Airway obstruction during sleep is a commonly recognized problem. Obstructive sleep apnea (OSA) is the most common breathing related sleep disorder. OSA is characterized by repetitive episodes of airway obstruction due to the collapse and obstruction of the upper airway during sleep. In patients with OSA, the normal pharyngeal narrowing is accentuated by anatomic factors, such as a short neck, elongated palate and uvula, large tonsils and redundant lateral pharyngeal wall mucosa. The hallmark symptom of OSA is excessive snoring with related apneic episodes, resulting in excessive daytime sleepiness affecting the patient’s Activities of Daily Living. The incidence of OSA in obese patients is considerably higher than in non-obese individuals.

II. Criteria: Diagnosis of Sleep Apnea
A. A sleep study is indicated if the patient meets ANY of the following criteria for signs and symptoms of obstructive sleep apnea (OSA). (see criteria below for the specific type of sleep study to be performed)
   a. Epworth Sleepiness Scale greater than 10
   b. Significant snoring with snorting, gasping, or choking episodes associated with awakenings
   c. Observed apneic episodes
   d. Excessive daytime sleepiness that is affecting Activities of Daily Living (ADLs)
   e. Craniofacial abnormalities or neuromuscular disease

B. For patients meeting the criteria for a sleep study, a home sleep study will be covered UNLESS the patient has ANY of the following contraindications:
   a. Age less than 18
   b. COPD
   c. CHF
   d. Cognitive impairment (inability to follow simple instructions)
   e. Neuromuscular disorder
   f. Suspicion of central sleep apnea, parasomnias, or periodic limb movement (involuntary jerking movements of the legs during sleep causing fragmented sleep)
   g. Oxygen dependence
   h. History of cardiac dysrhythmias
C. Moda Health will cover a home sleep study that is performed on Type II, Type III, or Type IVA device, capable of measuring airflow and at least 2 channels, and provides measurement of apnea-hypopnea index (AHI) or respiratory disturbance index (RDI), and
   a. The home study is interpreted by a Board Certified Sleep Medicine Specialist

D. Moda Health will NOT cover home sleep studies that are performed on devices that do not provide standard measurement of AHI/RDI and oxygen saturation. These devices do not provide sufficient information to prescribe treatment. (Examples include Biancamed SleepMinder, SNAP testing with fewer than 3 channels, and SleepImage Sleep Quality Screener)

E. Moda Health considers a full-channel split-night polysomnography (first half of the study is for diagnosis while the second half is for CPAP titration – CPT Code 95811) the preferred medically indicated test when ALL of the following criteria are met: (CWQI HCS-0083)
   a. The polysomnography is performed in an American Academy of Sleep Medicine accredited sleep center.
   b. The patient has documented signs and symptoms of OSA as noted in section A above.
   c. The in-lab sleep study must be supervised and interpreted by a Board Certified Sleep Medicine Specialist.
   d. CPAP titration will be performed if the patient demonstrates an AHI of greater than or equal to 15 during the first 2 hours of the study.
   e. The patient has 1 or more of following indications:
      i. The patient has had a home sleep study with an AHI or RDI greater than or equal to 30 or above; or
      ii. The patient has a contraindication that prevents a home study from being performed.
      iii. The patient has failed a trial of AutoPAP after a home study

F. An attended full-channel full-night polysomnography (95810) is medically indicated for 1 or more of the following: (CWQI HCS-0081)
   a. If CPAP titration during a split-night polysomnography (95811) was not performed due to lack of time or because the AHI was less than 15, the study can be converted to a full-night polysomnography (95810)
   b. A full-channel full-night polysomnography (95810) is being requested in conjunction with a multiple sleep latency study (CPT 95895) for patients with suspected narcolepsy versus idiopathic hypersomnia.

G. Multiple Sleep Latency Test (95805) for suspected narcolepsy is medically necessary immediately following a full-channel full night polysomnography (95810) if the patient has at least 1 or more of the following indications: (CWQI: HCS-0053)
   a. The patient has tried CPAP or AutoPAP with documented compliance and continues to have excessive daytime sleepiness; or
   b. Requested test is part of an evaluation of a patient with excessive daytime sleepiness for suspected narcolepsy versus idiopathic hypersomnia following a normal polysomnogram; and
      i. The patient has 1 or more of the following symptoms:
1. Cataplexy (i.e., sudden weakness or loss of muscle tone not accompanied by loss of consciousness); or
2. Disturbed or fragmented sleep; or
3. Sleep paralysis

H. Moda Health will cover repeat sleep studies for ALL of the following indications:
   a. The patient has an established diagnosis of OSA and a qualified home study and a repeat sleep study is requested for 1 or more of the following to:
      i. Assess efficacy of surgery (including tonsillectomy or upper airway) or oral appliances/devices with a change in symptoms; OR
      ii. Re-evaluate the diagnosis of OSA and need for continued CPAP if there is a significant weight loss (defined as 10% of body weight) since the most recent sleep study; OR
      iii. There is a significant change in the patient’s symptoms or risk factors (e.g. worsening heart failure, weight gain greater than 20%) despite documented compliance with ordered treatment

III. Criteria: Non-surgical Treatment of Obstructive Sleep Apnea:
If a patient has symptoms of sleep apnea or diagnosis of sleep apnea, lifestyle changes should be recommended (weight loss, avoidance of alcohol or sedative medications, and sleep hygiene recommendations). If a patient has documented Obstructive Sleep Apnea, an AutoPAP, CPAP, BiPAP or oral appliance may be considered.

A. Moda Health will cover AutoPAP, CPAP and BiPAP for patients that meet the diagnosis criteria for OSA and 1 or more of the following:
   a. The patient had a negative home sleep study with 2 or more symptoms of OSA from section I.A and a trial of AutoPAP is requested.
   b. The patient has positive sleep study (home or in-lab study) interpreted by a Board Certified Sleep Medicine Specialist and Apnea-Hypopnea Index (AHI) or Respiratory Disturbance Index (RDI) of 15 or greater, or
   c. The patient has positive sleep study (home or in-lab study) interpreted by a Board Certified Sleep Medicine Specialist and Apnea-Hypopnea Index (AHI) or Respiratory Disturbance Index (RDI) greater than 5 and less than 15 with at least 1 or more of the following:
      i. Excessive daytime sleepiness
      ii. Impaired cognition
      iii. Mood disorders
      iv. Insomnia
      v. Documented hypertension
      vi. Ischemic heart disease, significant arrhythmia, or
      vii. History of stroke
   d. For a patient receiving therapy for OSA with a CPAP/AutoPAP unit, continued authorization is contingent on demonstrating compliance within the first 3 months of use as demonstrated by ALL of the following:
      i. Compliance reports from the provider with 1 or more of the following:
1. Compliance is demonstrated at 70% of usage greater than 4 hours per day over 30 days; or
2. Face-to-face clinical re-evaluation by the treating physician determined that adjustments to the CPAP/AutoPAP trial are needed to address failure to respond to PAP therapy.

   e. Moda Health will cover custom-fitted and prefabricated oral appliances, including but not limited to tongue-retaining devices or Mandibular advancement devices (TAP or HPAP), for patients who meet ALL of the following criteria. (Oral appliances for OSA that are available over-the-counter without a prescription are not covered).

      i. The order for the oral appliance is from a Board Certified physician and 1 or more of the following criteria is met.

         1. Obstructive sleep apnea diagnosed with a sleep study reviewed by a sleep medicine specialist, and
            a. Patient is intolerant, refuses, or has failed CPAP/AutoPAP therapy.
         2. Apnea Hypopnea Index (AHI) or Respiratory Disturbance Index (RDI) greater than 15, or
         3. Mild to moderate sleep apnea with an Apnea Hypopnea Index (AHI) greater than 5 and less than 15 with at least 1 or more of the following:
            a. Excessive daytime sleepiness with an Epworth Sleepiness Scale score ≥ 10
            b. Insomnia
            c. Impaired cognition
            d. Documented hypertension
            e. Ischemic heart disease, significant arrhythmia, etc. or
            f. History of stroke

      ii. Patients with severe sleep apnea with an AHI of greater than 30 that have failed CPAP or AutoPAP with documentation of a three month trial or as an adjunct to CPAP or AutoPAP therapy.

      iii. Advanced imaging studies are NOT covered for oral appliances. This includes but is not limited to:

            1. CT scan of the head, face, and/or neck
            2. MRI of the head, face and/or neck

      iv. Acoustic Pharyngometry is NOT covered for oral appliance fitting.

B. The following treatments are considered medically necessary in children with habitual snoring and an apnea index of greater than one (>1) on a nocturnal polysomnography and 1 or more of the following:

   a. Adenotonsillectomy
   b. CPAP in children for OSA when ANY of the following criteria are met:
      i. Adenotonsillectomy is contraindicated
      ii. Adenotonsillectomy is delayed
      iii. Adenotonsillectomy is unsuccessful in relieving symptoms of OSA
      iv. Palate expansion (maxillary distraction)

C. Other Respiratory Assist Devices (RAD) will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Moda Health Medical Director for the patients with OSA. Respiratory assist devices (RAD) will be covered
in appropriate cases with documentation supporting medical necessity such as but not limited to COPD, central apnea, complex apnea, or nocturnal hypoventilation.

a. BiPAP-ST (spontaneous-timed), BiPAP Auto-SV, ASV, IVAPS or similar devices with a backup rated intended to counteract ventilator instability such as Cheyne-Stokes, Central Sleep Apnea, and Complex Sleep Apnea demonstrated by central apnea that emerges on CPAP or BiPAP therapy at a rate greater than 5 per hour on setting required for control of obstructive events.

b. BiPAP-ST, AVAPS, IVAPS or similar devices with a backup rate intended to provide non-invasive ventilation assistance during sleep in patient with co-morbid restrictive thoracic disorders or COPD that demonstrates 5 minutes or more of oxygen saturation at 88 percent or less despite correction of the AHI with CPAP/BiPAP.

D. Non-covered procedure/devices:
   a. The Repose System, a minimally invasive technique involving tongue base suspension, is considered investigational.
   b. Injection snoreplasty: injection of a sclerosing agent into the soft palate is considered investigational.
   c. Cardiac atrial pacing for the treatment of sleep apnea is considered investigational.
   d. Dental procedures (dentures, bridgework, etc.) as treatment for OSA are not covered benefits under Moda Health medical plans.

IV. Information Submitted with the Prior Authorization Request:
   1. History and physical including Epworth Sleepiness Scale results
   2. Sleep study interpretation for treatment of OSA.
   3. CPAP compliance reports for continued authorization of CPAP
   4. Medical records from treating physician documenting the requirements

V. CPT or HCPC codes covered:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Codes</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>95800</td>
<td>Sleep study, unattended, simultaneous recording; heart rate, oxygen saturation, respiratory analysis (e.g., by airflow or peripheral arterial tone), and sleep time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95801</td>
<td>Sleep study, unattended, simultaneous recording; minimum of heart rate, oxygen saturation, and respiratory analysis (e.g., by airflow or peripheral arterial tone)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95805</td>
<td>Multiple sleep latency or maintenance of wakefulness testing, recording, analysis and interpretation of physiological measurements of sleep during multiple trials to assess sleepiness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95806</td>
<td>Sleep study, unattended, simultaneous recording of, heart rate, oxygen saturation, respiratory airflow, and respiratory effort (e.g., thoracoabdominal movement)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G0398</td>
<td>Home sleep study test (HST) with type II portable monitor, unattended; minimum of 7 channels: EEG, EOG, EMG, ECG/heart rate, airflow, respiratory effort and oxygen saturation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
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<tr>
<td>G0399</td>
<td>Home sleep test (HST) with type III portable monitor, unattended; minimum of 4 channels: 2 respiratory movement/airflow, 1 ECG/heart rate and 1 oxygen saturation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G0400</td>
<td>Home sleep test (HST) with type IV portable monitor, unattended; minimum of 3 channels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95807</td>
<td>Sleep study, simultaneous recording of ventilation, respiratory effort, ECG or heart rate, and oxygen saturation, attended by a technologist</td>
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<tr>
<td>95810</td>
<td>Polysomnography; age 6 years or older, sleep staging with 4 or more additional parameters of sleep, attended by a technologist</td>
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<tr>
<td>95811</td>
<td>Polysomnography; age 6 years or older, sleep staging with 4 or more additional parameters of sleep, with initiation of continuous positive airway pressure therapy or bilevel ventilation, attended by a technologist</td>
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<tr>
<td>95782</td>
<td>Polysomnography; younger than 6 years, sleep staging with 4 or more additional parameters of sleep, attended by a technologist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95783</td>
<td>Polysomnography; younger than 6 years, sleep staging with 4 or more additional parameters of sleep, with initiation of continuous positive airway pressure therapy or bi-level ventilation, attended by a technologist</td>
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<tr>
<td>E0470</td>
<td>Respiratory assist device, bi-level pressure capability, without backup rate feature, used with noninvasive interface.</td>
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<tr>
<td>E0471</td>
<td>Respiratory assist device, bi-level pressure capability, with backup rate feature, used with noninvasive interface.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E0472</td>
<td>Respiratory assist device, bi-level pressure capability, with back-up rate feature, used with invasive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E0485</td>
<td>Oral device/appliance used to reduce upper airway collapsibility, adjustable or nonadjustable, prefabricated, includes fitting and adjustment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E0486</td>
<td>Oral device/appliance used to reduce upper airway collapsibility, adjustable or nonadjustable, custom fabricated, includes fitting and adjustment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S8262</td>
<td>Mandibular orthopedic repositioning device, each</td>
</tr>
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VI. Annual Review History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Review Date</th>
<th>Revisions</th>
<th>Effective Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01/2013</td>
<td>Annual Review: Added table with review date, revisions, and effective date. Revised criteria for diagnosis of sleep study and repeat sleep study. Added Dr. Engrav’s signature instead of Dr. Mills.</td>
<td>01/23/2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02/2013</td>
<td>Revised the criteria section IV for Split night polysomnography and added section V criteria for a second polysomnography. Removed second sentence from III. Revised number 4 under treatment for other RAD devices – removed DPAP/VPAP.</td>
<td>03/1/2013</td>
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<tr>
<td>04/2014</td>
<td>Annual review: Removed restless leg syndrome from indications, added change in symptoms for repeat sleep study, added limit of one oral appliance and advanced</td>
<td>04/25/2014</td>
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imaging not covered for oral appliance; added MSLT criteria, revised continuation of CPAP/AutoPAP to meet CMS guideline

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event Description</th>
<th>Date</th>
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<tr>
<td>04/2015</td>
<td>Annual Review: Added MSLT criteria, revised continuation of CPAP/AutoPAP to meet CMS guideline</td>
<td>04/30/2015</td>
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<tr>
<td>05/2016</td>
<td>Annual Review: No change</td>
<td>05/25/2016</td>
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<tr>
<td>09/2016</td>
<td>Added AutoPAP to criteria for in-lab study, clarified full night vs in-lab study</td>
<td>9/28/2016</td>
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<tr>
<td>08/2017</td>
<td>Annual Review: Minor format/wording changes, updated to new template</td>
<td>08/23/2017</td>
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VI. References


18. Physician Advisors

Appendix 1 – Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)

Medicare coverage for outpatient (Part B) drugs is outlined in the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual (Pub. 100-2), Chapter 15, §50 Drugs and Biologicals. In addition, National Coverage Determination (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. They can be found at: http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/search/advanced-search.aspx. Additional indications may be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

Medicare Part B Covered Diagnosis Codes (applicable to existing NCD/LCD):

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<th>Jurisdiction(s): 5, 8</th>
<th>NCD/LCD Document(s):</th>
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<tr>
<td>Noridian Local Coverage Determination (LCD) Polysomnography and Other Sleep Studies (L34040)</td>
<td><a href="https://med.noridianmedicare.com/documents/10546/6990983/Polysomnography+and+Other+Sleep+Studies+LCD/36c9280e-91ef-4110-82e9-84f1e4de73dd">https://med.noridianmedicare.com/documents/10546/6990983/Polysomnography+and+Other+Sleep+Studies+LCD/36c9280e-91ef-4110-82e9-84f1e4de73dd</a></td>
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NCD/LCD Document(s):

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<tr>
<th>Medicare Part B Administrative Contractor (MAC) Jurisdictions</th>
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<tr>
<td>Jurisdiction</td>
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